



**Trends for the Week
Compared to a Week Ago**

Livestock Comments by Dr. Andrew P. Griffith

Slaughter Cows

steady to \$4 higher

Slaughter Bulls

steady

Feeder Steers

unevenly steady to lower

Feeder Heifers

unevenly steady to sharply

Feeder Cattle Index: 369.63

Fed Cattle

The 5-area live price on Thursday of \$256.00 down \$4.88 compared to a week ago and \$405.00 dressed up \$4.91 from last week.

Corn

September closed at \$4.56 a bushel, down 14 cents since last Friday.

Soybeans

September closed at \$11.81 a bushel, up 1 cent since last Friday.

Wheat

July closed at \$6.10 a bushel, down 36 cents since last Friday.

Cotton

December closed at 79.59 cents per lb, up 0.26 cents since last Friday.

FED CATTLE: Fed cattle trade was not well established at time of press but looked to be headed \$4 lower than last week on a live basis. Bids were \$253 to \$258 on a live basis and \$405 to \$407 on a dressed basis.

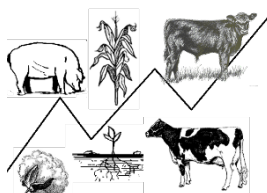
The 5-area weighted average prices thru Thursday were \$256.00 live, down \$4.88 compared to a week ago and \$405.00 dressed, down \$4.91 from last week. A year ago, prices were \$228.53 live and \$369.24 dressed.

Finished cattle prices took a hit this week as cattle feeders were unable to hold their ground for the second consecutive week. The cattle feeder maintains leverage over the packer, but the packer has been managing the slaughter rate in such a manner that there is no shortage of cattle in the near term. In fact, based on the Cattle on Feed report released last week, cattle are getting backed up in the feedlot. The cattle feeder has not been too concerned with feeding cattle longer as the cost of replacing marketed animals is on the pricey side. However, this has benefited the packer during a time when losses are high and there is no reason to compete for cattle. It will take a few months to work through this, but cattle on feed will decrease.

BEEF CUTOUT: At midday Friday, the Choice cutout was \$392.06 down \$0.26 from Thursday and up \$2.17 from a week ago. The Select cutout was \$383.32 down \$2.26 from Thursday and down \$3.07 from last week. The Choice Select spread was \$8.74 compared to \$3.60 a week ago.

Beef movement appeared to be decent to good over the Memorial holiday weekend, which resulted in wholesale beef prices pushing a little higher this week to restock the retail beef counter. There is a long summer grilling season ahead of the market and weekends filled with sunshine will move more beef than those dampened by precipitation. Regardless of the weather pattern, the next weekend that tends to see strong beef movement is Father's Day followed by Independence Day. The hope for the beef industry is for beef to continue moving during these time periods. Regardless of how the beef moves, these weekends and holidays will be a good indicator of what the consumer is willing to pay and not pay to make beef the centerpiece of the meal. There is no shortage of high-quality grading beef on the market as more than 85 percent of graded beef is consistently grading Choice and Prime. If the consumer continues purchasing Choice and Prime middle meats then all is good. If the consumer trades down to lower valued cuts and ground product then the wind may have shifted.

OUTLOOK: Based on Tennessee weekly auction market average prices, steer prices were unevenly steady to lower compared to last week, while heifer prices were unevenly steady to sharply lower compared to the previous week. Slaughter cow prices were steady to \$4 higher this week compared to a week ago while slaughter bull prices were steady compared to last week. Feeder cattle futures appear to be uncertain of where they should be and where they should be going. The CME feeder cattle index value has been hovering in the high \$360s to the low \$370s for approximately five weeks. It would seem this steady



Livestock Comments by Dr. Andrew P. Griffith

cash trade of feeder cattle has futures traders unsure of what the next move should be. Thus, futures traders did what they typically do when uncertainty increases and that is to sell, which means lower prices on the futures market. Using August feeder cattle as the example, the price traded as high as \$366 on May 20th and as low as \$344 on May 22nd. The market has primarily traded sideways this week with little sense of direction. Higher trade one day leads to lower trade the next day, but the cash price of feeder cattle remains steady and \$15 to \$20 per hundredweight higher than the nearby August feeder cattle contract. This makes hedging the sale of cattle extremely difficult when basis is extremely out of line. It does provide an opportunity on the buying side if one believes the cash market is leading the way. However, the cash market sometimes decides it needs to be more in line with the futures market and makes decisions accordingly. It would appear the calf market has moved past its seasonal peak, but the price of these lighter weight calves is not declining at a rapid pace. Alternatively, the true yearling or feeder cattle market should be seasonally strengthening, but that may be a tough hill to climb since the cash price is already strong and the futures market has been bearish. There is always a correct move to make in any market and many wrong moves. Most people do nothing, which tends to be a wrong move most of the time.

ASK ANDREW, TN THINK TANK: Can you have your cake and eat it too? There have been several happenings recently where individuals or entities want to have their way in multiple activities, but their actions in one activity appears to be contradictory with their action in another activity. An example of this would be complaining about drought and then complaining about it raining too much. There are more examples that could certainly step on toes, but speaking directly to them would not produce much good. However, there are applications in the cattle business of the idea of “having your cake and eating it too.” For instance, when someone is selling cattle, they have the best cattle and deserve a higher price. If that same person was purchasing the same cattle, they would bid lower for the cattle. This is probably human nature in practice, but human nature is to watch out for oneself and not others. Thus, it would be interesting to know how life would be different if we were concerned about others more than ourselves. In other words, maybe we should not be worried about “cake”!

Please send questions and comments to agriff14@utk.edu or send a letter to Andrew P. Griffith, University of Tennessee, P.O. Box 160, 1000 Main Entrance Dr., Spring Hill, TN 37174.

FRIDAY'S FUTURES MARKET CLOSING PRICES: Friday's closing prices were as follows: Live/fed cattle –June \$248.25 -1.50; August \$239.05 -1.95; October \$230.43 -2.15; Feeder cattle –August \$348.43 -4.60; September \$345.35 -4.90; October \$342.03 -4.98; November \$338.53 -5.03; July corn closed at \$4.47 down 9 cents from Thursday.

Please use this link for cattle and market definitions:
[Cattle and Beef Market Definitions Publication W801](#)

Crop Comments by Dr. Charley Martinez

Overview

Soybeans and Cotton up for the week; Corn and Wheat down for the week

This week I provide comprehensive look at the forces shaping current agricultural markets, with a particular focus on how global currency dynamics, especially the strong U.S. dollar, continue to weigh on export competitiveness for major crops like corn, soybeans, cotton, and wheat. The discussion connects these international pressures to on-the-ground impacts in Tennessee, where suppressed prices and tight margins are challenging farm profitability and emphasizing the need for careful cost management and marketing strategies. In addition, this week we get finally get positive fuel price news and their implications for operating expenses, along with detailed market summaries for each major commodity, including local basis trends, cash prices, futures movements, export activity, and crop progress data at both the national and state levels. Wishing everyone a great weekend!

USDA: Outlook for U.S. Agricultural Trade-May 2026

The USDA Economic Research Service's Agricultural Exchange Rate Data Set was released yesterday underscores how the relatively strong U.S. dollar has become a persistent headwind for American crop producers across all four major commodities, corn, soybeans, cotton, and wheat, by making U.S. exports more expensive for foreign buyers relative to competitors whose currencies have weakened significantly against the dollar. For soybeans, the depreciation of the Brazilian real (down 40 to 50 percent against the dollar since 2020) has made Brazilian soybeans substantially cheaper on world markets, accelerating China's shift away from U.S. purchases and contributing to the sharp decline in U.S. soybean prices received from \$11.40 per bushel in March 2025 to \$9.72 in March 2026. For corn, the strong dollar constrains export growth despite record U.S. shipments through December 2025, as Brazilian corn priced in the weak real increasingly captures price-sensitive markets in Southeast Asia and Africa. For wheat, Russia's dominance of global trade, amplified by a dramatically weakened ruble that allows Russian wheat to undercut U.S. prices by \$20 to \$40 per metric ton, has kept U.S. ending stocks at a 6-year high of 938 million bushels and the season-average price at a 6-year low of \$5.00 per bushel. For cotton, the dollar's strength against the currencies of major textile-importing nations (Bangladesh, Vietnam, Pakistan, Turkey) has reduced demand for U.S. cotton and supported competing origins, keeping ICE futures in a narrow 64 to 72 cents per pound range.

For Tennessee producers specifically, the exchange rate dynamics documented in the report compounds an already challenging profitability environment by suppressing the export demand that would otherwise help absorb abundant domestic supplies and support higher prices. Tennessee cash prices all reflect, in part, the inability of U.S. crops to compete on price in global markets where Brazilian, Russian, and other competitors benefit from weaker currencies that effectively subsidize their exports. At these price levels, the University of Tennessee's 2025 enterprise budgets show negative returns over total costs for non-irrigated corn and razor-thin or negative margins for soybeans and cotton, and wheat that pencils out only as a double-crop option rather than a standalone cash enterprise. While individual farmers cannot control exchange rates, understanding the currency dimension of global markets helps explain why prices have remained stubborn despite strong world demand for food and fiber, and reinforces the critical importance of aggressive cost management, maximum crop insurance utilization, strategic forward contracting on any price rallies, and honest evaluation of whether marginal acres should remain in row crop production or shift to alternative enterprises until the combination of commodity fundamentals and currency dynamics turns more favorable.

Fuel

The table below shows that current fuel prices vary significantly by grade, with Regular averaging \$4.39, Mid-Grade \$4.90, Premium \$5.27, Diesel \$5.52, and E85 at \$3.49. Compared to yesterday, all fuel types have decreased slightly, continuing a downward trend from a week ago when prices were higher across the board. However, current prices remain above month-ago levels for most fuels, indicating a recent increase before the short-term decline. Year-over-year, prices have risen sharply, with Regular increasing from \$3.17 and Diesel jumping from \$3.54 to \$5.52. Higher fuel prices have no doubt increased operating expenses, reduce profit margins, and can influence decisions on acreage, crop choice, and timing of field operations. Even small fluctuations in fuel costs can have significant financial impacts for farms operating on tight margins, making these pricing trends critical for planning and risk management.

	Regular	Mid-Grade	Premium	Diesel	E85
Current Avg.	\$4.39	\$4.90	\$5.27	\$5.52	\$3.49
Yesterday Avg.	\$4.43	\$4.93	\$5.30	\$5.55	\$3.52
Week Ago Avg.	\$4.55	\$5.05	\$5.42	\$5.65	\$3.67
Month Ago Avg.	\$4.23	\$4.72	\$5.09	\$5.46	\$3.36
Year Ago Avg.	\$3.17	\$3.66	\$4.01	\$3.54	\$2.58

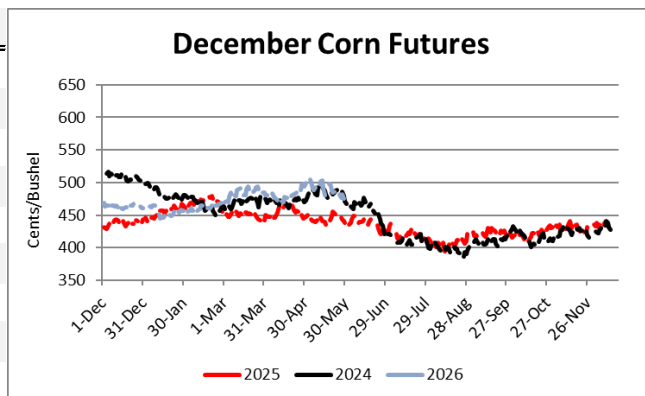
Crop Comments by Dr. Charley Martinez

	Previous	Current	Change
USD Index	99.25	98.88	-0.37
Crude Oil	96.46	87.71	-8.75
DJIA	50716	51037	321

Corn

Across Tennessee, average corn basis (cash price-nearby futures price) weakened from last week at West, Northwest, West-Central, North-Central, and Mississippi River elevators and barge points. Overall, basis for the week ranged from 31 cents under to 16 cents over, with an average of 1 cent under with the July futures at elevators and barge points. Ethanol production for the week ending May 22nd was 1.089 million barrels, down 22,000 barrels compared to the previous week. Ethanol stocks were 24.968 million barrels, up 93,000 barrels compared to the previous week. Cash prices ranged from \$4.23 to \$4.84 at elevators and barge points. On Friday, September 2026 corn futures closed at \$4.56, which is down 14 cents compared to last week. For the week, September 2026 corn futures traded between \$4.54 and \$4.70.

Corn	Sep 26	Change	Dec 26	Change
Price	\$4.56	-\$0.14	\$4.75	-\$0.11
Support	\$4.51	-\$0.14	\$4.71	-\$0.10
Resistance	\$4.64	-\$0.09	\$4.82	-\$0.08
20 Day MA	\$4.75	-\$0.03	\$4.91	-\$0.01
50 Day MA	\$4.71	-\$0.01	\$4.87	\$0.00
100 Day MA	\$4.61	\$0.01	\$4.75	\$0.01
4-Week High	\$4.92	\$0.00	\$5.06	\$0.00
4-Week Low	\$4.54	-\$0.08	\$4.73	-\$0.07
Technical Trend	DOWN	=	DOWN	=



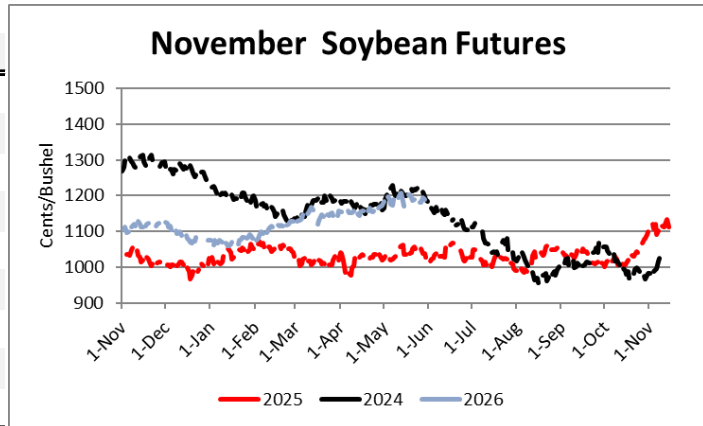
Nationally, the Crop Progress report estimated corn emerged to be 60% compared to 39% last week, 65% year, and a 5-year average of 58%; corn planted to be 86% compared to 76% last week, 86% last year, and a 5-year average of 83%. In Tennessee, the Crop Progress report estimated corn emerged to be 92% compared to 84% last week, 74% last year, and a 5-year average of 75%; corn planted to be 97% compared to 96% last week, 86% last year, and a 5-year average of 91%. This week new crop cash contracts ranged from \$4.37 to \$5 at elevators and barge points. For the week of May 15-21, 2026, there were net sales 1,015,300 MT for 2025/2026 were down 52% from the previous week and 30% from the prior 4-week average. Net sales of 618,600 MT for 2026/2027 were primarily for Mexico (249,900 MT), unknown destinations (197,500 MT), Japan (60,000 MT), Colombia (43,000 MT), and Panama (39,800 MT). Exports of 1,613,900 MT were up 12% from the previous week, but down 5% from the prior 4-week average. December corn futures closed at \$4.75, down 11 cents from last week.

Soybeans

Across Tennessee average soybean basis weakened compared to last week at West, Northwest, North-Central, West-Central, and Mississippi River elevators and barge points. Average basis ranged from 31 under to 16 over the July futures contract, with an average basis at the end of the week of 1/2 cent over. Cash soybean prices at elevators and barge points ranged from \$11.45 to \$12.22. September 2026 soybean futures closed at \$11.81, up 1 cent compared to last week. For the week, September 2026 soybean futures traded between \$11.66 and \$11.91.

Crop Comments by Dr. Charley Martinez

Soybeans	Sep 26	Change	Nov 26	Change
Price	\$11.81	\$0.01	\$11.90	\$0.02
Support	\$11.75	\$0.01	\$11.84	\$0.02
Resistance	\$11.89	\$0.03	\$11.97	\$0.04
20 Day MA	\$11.83	\$0.03	\$11.89	\$0.03
50 Day MA	\$11.65	\$0.03	\$11.68	\$0.03
100 Day MA	\$11.35	\$0.05	\$11.37	\$0.05
4-Week High	\$12.09	\$0.00	\$12.14	\$0.00
4-Week Low	\$11.57	\$0.11	\$11.64	\$0.13
Technical Trend	UP	=	UP	=

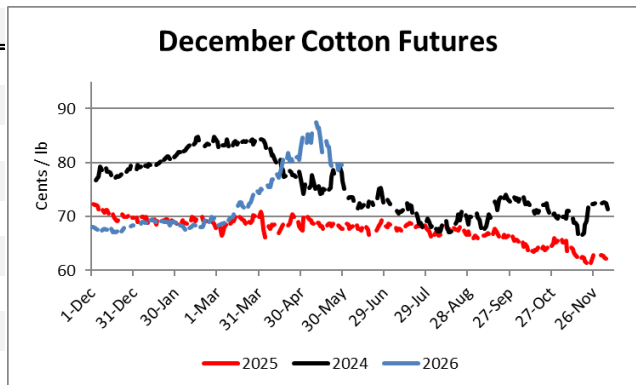


Nationally, the Crop Progress report estimated soybean emerged to be 49% compared to 32% last week, 48% last year, and a 5-year average of 40%; soybean planted to be 79% compared to 67% last week, 75% last year, and a 5-year average of 68%. In Tennessee, the Crop Progress report estimated soybeans emerged to be 71% compared to 60% last week, 43% last year, and a 5-year average of 39%; soybean planted to be 84% compared to 80% last week, 58% last year, and a 5-year average of 58%. For the week of May 15-22, 2026, there were net sales of 299,900 MT for 2025/2026 were down 15% from the previous week, but up 41% from the prior 4-week average. Net sales of 137,700 MT for 2026/2027 were primarily for Mexico (60,400 MT), Taiwan (27,000 MT), Japan (20,000 MT), Thailand (17,300 MT), and Indonesia (7,600 MT). Exports of 571,200 MT were up 8% from the previous week, but down 2% from the prior 4-week average. The destinations were primarily to China (137,300 MT), Egypt (110,100 MT), Mexico (85,700 MT), Colombia (51,300 MT), and Bangladesh (48,400 MT). November 2026 soybean futures closed at \$11.90, up 2 cents compared to last week.

Cotton

North Delta upland cotton spot price quotes for May 28th were noticeably down compared to last week. Prices were 73.77 cents/lb (41-4-34), and 78.52cents/lb (31-3-35), which made both down 1.21 cents compared to last week's prices.

Cotton	Dec 26	Change	Mar 27	Change
Price	79.59	0.26	80.72	0.53
Support	79.04	0.42	80.17	0.69
Resistance	80.13	-0.20	81.23	0.04
20 Day MA	83.03	-0.40	83.80	-0.37
50 Day MA	79.41	0.59	80.25	0.61
100 Day MA	74.26	0.44	75.12	0.46
4-Week High	88.08	0.00	88.60	0.00
4-Week Low	78.25	-0.66	79.28	-0.48
Technical Trend	UP	=	UP	=



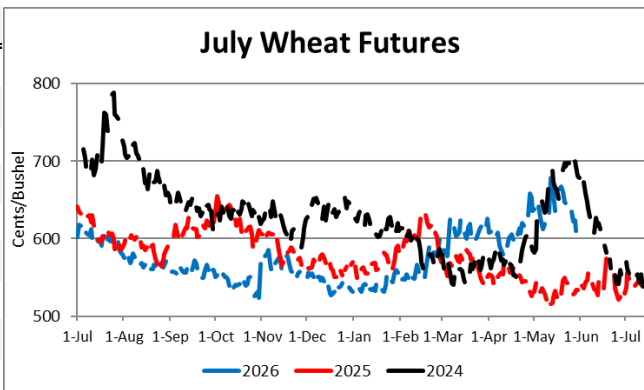
Nationally, the Crop Progress report estimated cotton planted to be 53% compared to 41% last week, 50% last year, and a 5-year average of 53%. In Tennessee, the Crop Progress report estimated cotton planted to be 87% compared to 73% last week, 64% last year, and a 5-year average of 71%. For the week May 15-22, 2026, there was a total net sales of Upland totaling 153,600 RB for 2025/2026 were up 17% from the previous week and 32% from the prior 4-week average. Net sales of 112,000 RB for 2026/2027 were primarily for Pakistan (68,300 RB), Mexico (26,100 RB), South Korea (8,800 RB), Turkey (7,000 RB), and Guatemala (1,400 RB). Exports of 317,700 RB were up 10% from the previous week, but down 2% from the prior 4-week average. For the week, December 2026 cotton futures closed at 79.59 cents, up 0.26 cents compared to last week. March 2027 cotton futures closed at 80.72 cents, up 0.53 cents compared to last week.

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Wheat

Wheat cash prices at elevators and barge points ranged from \$6.03 to \$6.21.

Wheat	Jul 26	Change	Sep 26	Change
Price	\$6.10	-\$0.36	\$6.23	-\$0.36
Support	\$6.04	-\$0.37	\$6.17	-\$0.37
Resistance	\$6.23	-\$0.30	\$6.36	-\$0.29
20 Day MA	\$6.41	-\$0.04	\$6.55	-\$0.04
50 Day MA	\$6.23	\$0.01	\$6.36	\$0.01
100 Day MA	\$5.95	\$0.04	\$6.07	\$0.03
4-Week High	\$6.88	\$0.00	\$7.00	\$0.00
4-Week Low	\$6.05	\$0.00	\$6.20	\$0.00
Technical Trend	DOWN	=	DOWN	=



Nationally, the Crop Progress report estimated spring wheat emerged to be 56% compared to 39% last week, 58% last year, and a 5-year average of 51%; spring wheat planted to be 86% compared to 73% last week, 86% last year, and a 5-year average of 79%. The report estimated winter wheat headed to be 78% compared to 71% last week, 73% last year, and a 5-year average of 70%. For the week of May 15-22, 2026, net sales of 807,300 metric tons (MT) for 2025/2026 (a marketing-year low) were down noticeably from the previous week and from the prior 4-week average. Net sales of 1,057,500 MT for 2026/2027 were primarily for Japan (252,100 MT), the Philippines (166,900 MT), Mexico (125,600 MT), Panama (105,500 MT), and unknown destinations (68,600 MT). Exports of 299,700 MT were up 30% from the previous week, but down 23% from the prior 4-week average.

Additional Information:

Links for data presented:

U.S. Export Sales - <https://apps.fas.usda.gov/export-sales/esrd1.html>

USDA FAS: Weekly Export Performance Indicator – <https://apps.fas.usda.gov/esrquery/esrpi.aspx>

EIA: Weekly Ethanol Plant Production - https://www.eia.gov/dnav/pet/pet_pnp_wprode_s1_w.htm

EIA: Weekly Supply Estimates - https://www.eia.gov/dnav/pet/pet_sum_sndw_a_EPOOXE_sae_mdbl_w.htm

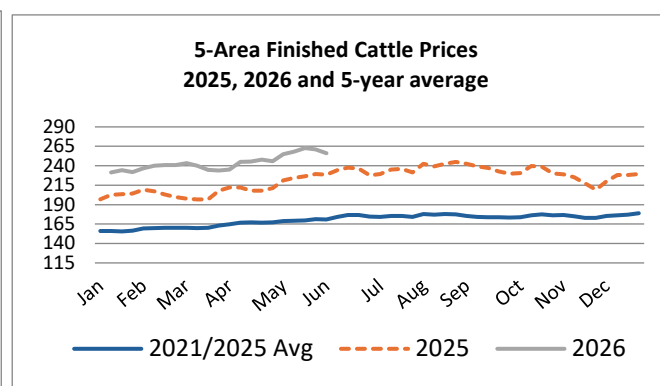
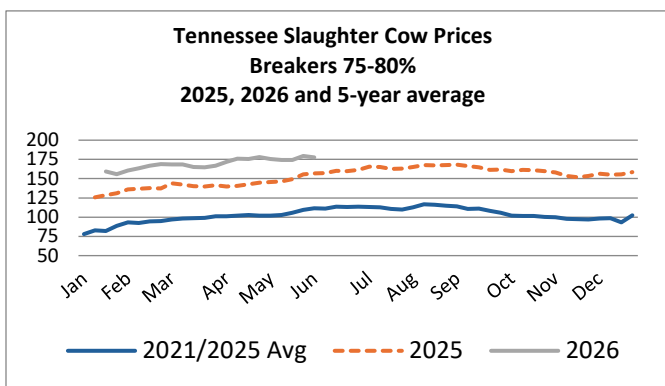
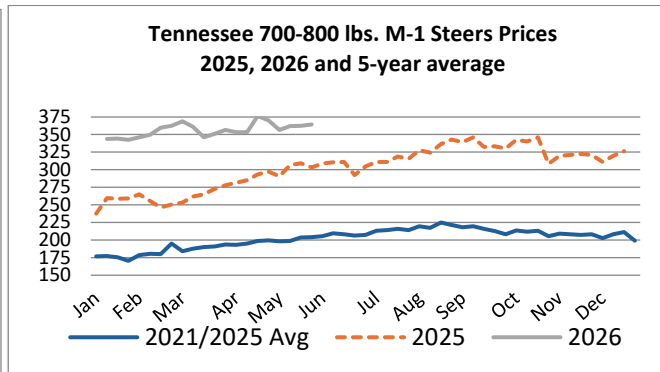
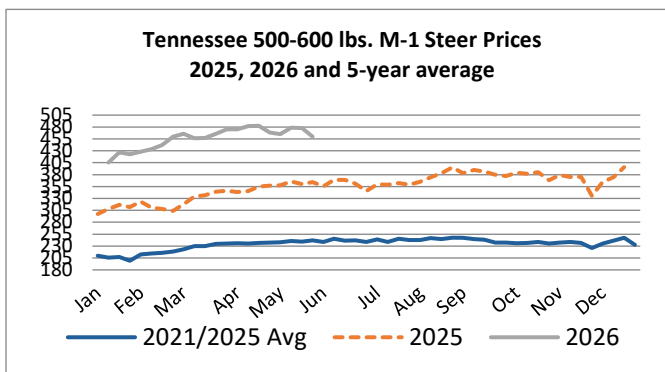
Upland Cotton Reports - <https://www.ams.usda.gov/mnreports/cnddsq.pdf>

U.S. Crop Progress <https://usda.library.cornell.edu/concern/publications/8336h188j>

USDA AMS: Market News - <https://www.ams.usda.gov/market-news/search-market-news>

If you would like further information or clarification on topics discussed in the crop comments section or would like to be added to our free email list, please contact me at cmart113@utk.edu.

Prices Paid to Farmers by Elevators						
Friday, May 22, 2026---Thursday, May 28, 2026						
	Friday Average	Monday Average	Tuesday Average	Wednesday Average	Thursday Average	
No. 2 Yellow Soybeans	-----\$/bushel-----					
Northwest	11.57		11.46	11.45	11.55	
North Central	11.82		11.71	11.70	11.80	
West	12.25		12.14	12.13	12.23	
Mississippi River	12.07		12.01	12.00	12.10	
Yellow Corn						
Northwest	4.67		4.61	4.56	4.59	
North Central	4.33		4.28	4.23	4.26	
West	4.95		4.84	4.78	4.81	
Mississippi River	4.78		4.73	4.68	4.71	
Wheat						
Northwest						
North Central	6.26		6.16	6.03	6.04	
Mississippi River	6.31		6.21	6.08	6.09	
Cotton	-----\$/pound-----					
Memphis	74.42-79.17	0-0	74.37-79.12	73.16-77.91	73.77-78.52	



Prices on Tennessee Reported Livestock Auctions for the week ending Tuesday, May 26, 2026

	This Week			Last Week's	Year Ago
	Low	High	Weighted Average	Weighted Average	Weighted Average
-----\$/cwt-----					
Steers: Medium/Large Frame #1-2					
300-400 lbs	520.00	690.00	589.92	579.86	442.96
400-500 lbs	445.00	580.00	513.53	521.87	395.17
500-600 lbs	407.50	505.00	459.72	477.61	364.42
600-700 lbs	355.00	442.50	411.42	417.31	330.27
700-800 lbs	330.00	395.00	364.51	362.50	303.36
Steers: Small Frame #1-2					
300-400 lbs	---	---	---	---	351.65
400-500 lbs	---	---	---	---	347.90
500-600 lbs	---	---	---	---	318.87
600-700 lbs	---	---	---	---	---
Steers: Medium/Large Frame #3					
300-400 lbs	375.00	625.00	531.40	523.24	387.54
400-500 lbs	375.00	525.00	471.65	474.09	351.50
500-600 lbs	350.00	455.00	418.05	431.74	334.48
600-700 lbs	340.00	417.50	374.48	380.58	298.75
700-800 lbs	300.00	367.00	346.06	333.95	277.07
Dairy/Beef Steers					
300-400 lbs	---	---	---	---	---
500-600 lbs	---	---	---	---	---
700-800 lbs	---	---	---	---	---
Slaughter Cows & Bulls					
Breakers 75-80%	170.00	189.00	177.81	179.47	156.80
Boners 80-85%	162.00	188.00	176.89	177.22	155.04
Lean 85-90%	141.50	175.00	160.60	155.41	138.28
Bulls YG 1	187.00	235.00	214.02	205.67	186.12
Heifers: Medium/Large Frame #1-2					
300-400 lbs	435.00	625.00	523.27	510.53	389.22
400-500 lbs	335.00	495.00	457.49	462.12	352.51
500-600 lbs	330.00	465.00	411.93	411.58	321.16
600-700 lbs	270.00	407.50	371.98	369.52	288.21
Heifers: Small Frame #1-2					
300-400 lbs	330.00	415.00	376.13	387.01	---
400-500 lbs	345.00	390.00	370.00	---	297.58
500-600 lbs	330.00	385.00	357.50	---	---
600-700 lbs	---	---	---	---	---
Heifers: Medium/Large Frame #2-3					
300-400 lbs	325.00	555.00	459.53	473.09	353.47
400-500 lbs	280.00	450.00	420.85	395.16	328.87
500-600 lbs	335.00	430.00	381.08	360.10	298.80
600-700 lbs	260.00	355.00	330.41	316.34	266.69

Cattle Receipts

This week: 7,566

Week ago: 7,051

Year ago: 8,948

Link to report: https://www.ams.usda.gov/mnreports/ams_2063.pdf

Graded Sales, Video Board Sales, Video Sales & Loads

Columbia Livestock Center (UPI) - Columbia TN

5/27/26

53, 985#, Steers, M/L, #1's, Value Added, \$321.00

East Tennessee Livestock Center Video/Board Sale - Sweetwater, TN

5/27/26

Total Receipts: 59

For complete report:

https://www.ams.usda.gov/mnreports/ams_2228.pdf

Graded Sales, Video Board Sales, Video Sales & Loads

Publications & Tools:

[2026 Cow-Calf Budget D 31](#)

[2026 Stocker/Backgrounding Budget D 32](#)

[Field Crop Budgets for 2026 D 33](#)

[Basis Estimates for Feeder Cattle and Fed Cattle D 34](#)

[Seasonal Prices for Tennessee Feeder Cattle and Cows D
39](#)

[Tennessee Forage Budget Calculator Tool](#)

[Tennessee Forage Budget Calculator D 252-A](#)

[2025 Tennessee Baleage Budgets D 252-B](#)

[2025 Tennessee Hay Budgets D 252-C](#)

[2025 Tennessee Pasture Budgets D 252-D](#)

[Tennessee Cropland, Irrigated Cropland and Pastureland](#)

[Cash Rental Rates for 2025 W377](#)

[2025 Planted Acreage for Corn, Cotton, Grain Sorghum,](#)

[Soybeans and Wheat in Tennessee by County W442](#)

Department of Agricultural and Resource Economics

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